### §400.170

is not in accordance with the provisions of the Standard Reinsurance Agreement or any reinsurance agreement with FCIC, except compliance issues, it may request the Deputy Administrator of Insurance Services to make a final administrative determination addressing the disputed action. The Deputy Administrator of Insurance Services will render the final administrative determination of the Corporation with respect to the applicable actions. All requests for a final administrative determination must be in writing and submitted within 45 days after receipt after the disputed action.

(b) With respect to compliance matters, the Compliance Field Office renders an initial finding, permits the company to respond, and then issues a final finding. If the company believes that the Compliance Field Office's final finding is not in accordance with the applicable laws, regulations, custom or practice of the insurance industry, or FCIC approved policy and procedure, it may request, the Deputy Administrator of Compliance to make a final administrative determination addressing the disputed final finding. The Deputy Administrator of Compliance will render the final administrative determination of the Corporation with respect to these issues. All requests for a final administrative determination must be in writing and submitted within 45 days after receipt of the final finding.

(c) A company may also request reconsideration by the Deputy Administrator of Insurance Services of a decision of the Corporation rendered under any Corporation bulletin or directive which bulletin or directive does not interpret, explain, or restrict the terms of the reinsurance agreement. The company, if it disputes the Corporation's determination, must request a reconsideration of that determination in writing, within 45 days of the receipt of the determination. The determinations of the Deputy Administrator will be final and binding on the company. Such determinations will not be appealable to the Board of Contract Appeals.

(d) Appealable final administrative determinations of the Corporation

under paragraph (a) or (b) of this section may be appealed to the Board of Contract Appeals in accordance with the provisions of subtitle A, part 24 of title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

[65 FR 3782, Jan. 25, 2000]

### § 400.170 General qualifications.

To qualify initially or thereafter for a Standard Reinsurance Agreement with FCIC, an insurer must:

- (a) Be licensed or admitted in any state, territory, or possession of the United States;
- (b) Be licensed or admitted, or use as a policy-issuing Company an insurer that is licensed or admitted, in each state from which the insurer will cede policies to FCIC for reinsurance;
- (c) Have surplus, as reported in its most recent Annual or Quarterly Statutory Financial Statement, that is at least equal to the MPUL for the company's estimated retained premium proposed to be reinsured, multiplied by the appropriate Minimum Surplus Factor found in the Minimum Surplus Table. For the purposes of the Minimum Surplus Table, an insurer is considered to issue policies in a state if at least two and one-half percent (2.5%) of all its reinsured retained premium is written in that state:

## MINIMUM SURPLUS TABLE

Number of states in which a company issues FCIC-reinsured policies	Minimum surplus fac- tor (multi- plied by MPUL)
1 through 10	2.5 2.0

(d) Have and meet the ratio requirements of the Gross Premium to Surplus and Net Premium to Surplus required ratios and at least ten of the fourteen analytical ratios in this section based on the most recent Annual Statutory Financial Statement, or comply with §400.172:

Ratio	Ratio requirement
(1) Required:	
(i) Gross Premium to	Less than 900%.
Surplus.	
(ii) Net Premium to Sur-	Less than 300%.
plus.	

Ratio	Ratio requirement
(2) Analytical:	
(i) Two-Year Overall Op- erating Ratio.	Less than 100%.
<ul><li>(ii) Agents' Balances to Surplus.</li></ul>	Less than 40%.
<ul><li>(iii) One-Year Change in Surplus.</li></ul>	Greater than -10% and less than 50%.
<ul><li>(iv) Two-Year Change in Surplus.</li></ul>	Greater than -10%.
<ul><li>(v) Combined Ratio After Policyholder Dividends.</li></ul>	Less than 115%.
(vi) Change in Writing	Greater than -33% and less than 33%.
(vii) Surplus Aid to Sur- plus.	Less than 15%.
(viii) Quick Liquidity	Greater than 20%.
<ul><li>(ix) Liabilities to Liquid Asset.</li></ul>	Less than 105%.
(x) Return on Surplus	Greater than -5%.
(xi) Investment Yield	Greater than 4.5% and less than 10%.
(xii) One-Year Reserve Development to Sur- plus.	Less than 20%.
(xiii) Two-Year Reserve Development to Sur- plus.	Less than 20%.
(xiv) Estimated Current Reserve Deficiency to Surplus.	Less than 25%.

- (e) Submit to FCIC all of the following statements:
- (1) Annual and Quarterly Statutory Financial Statements;
- (2) Statutory Management Discussion & Analysis;
- (3) Most recent State Insurance Department Examination Report:
- (4) Actuarial Opinion of Reserves;
- (5) Annual Audited Financial Report; and
- (6) Any other appropriate financial information or explanation of IRIS ratio discrepancies as determined by the company or as requested by FCIC.

[60 FR 57903, Nov. 24, 1995]

#### § 400.171 Qualifying when a state does not require that an Annual Statutory Financial Statement be filed.

An insurer exempt by the insurance department of the states where they are licensed from filing an Annual Statutory Financial Statement must, in addition to the requirements of §400.170 (a), (b), (c) and (d), submit an Annual Statutory Financial Statement audited by a Certified Public Accountant in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, which if not exempted, would have been filed with

the insurance department of any state in which it is licensed.

[60 FR 57904, Nov. 24, 1995]

#### § 400.172 Qualifying with less than two of the required ratios or ten of the analytical ratios meeting the specified requirements.

An insurer with less than two of the required ratios or ten of the analytical ratios meeting the specified requirements in §400.170(d) may qualify if, in addition to the requirements of §400.170 (a), (b), (c) and (e), the insurer:

- (a) Submits a financial management plan acceptable to FCIC to eliminate each deficiency indicated by the ratios, or an acceptable explanation why a failed ratio does not accurately represent the insurer's insurance operations; or
- (b) Has a binding agreement with another insurer that qualifies such insurer under this subpart to assume financial responsibility in the event of the reinsured company's failure to meet its obligations on FCIC reinsured policies.

[60 FR 57904, Nov. 24, 1995]

# §400.173 [Reserved]

# § 400.174 Notification of deviation from financial standards.

An insurer must immediately advise FCIC if it deviates from compliance with any of the requirements of this chapter. FCIC may require the insurer to update its financial statements during the year. FCIC may terminate the reinsurance agreement if the Company is out of compliance with the requirements of this chapter.

[52 FR 17543, May 11, 1987. Redesignated at 53 FR 3, Jan. 4, 1988, and 53 FR 10527, Apr. 1, 1988. as amended at 60 FR 57904. Nov. 24, 1995]

# § 400.175 Revocation and non-acceptance.

(a) FCIC will deny reinsurance to any insurer or will terminate any existing reinsurance agreement if any false or misleading statement is made in the financial statements or any other document submitted by the insurer in connection with its qualification for FCIC reinsurance.